

SUMMARY

FALMOUTH CRUISE PORT EXPANSION

Maintenance & Capital Dredging

THE PORT AUTHORITY OF JAMAICA | 15- 17 DUKE STREET | KINGSTON, JAMAICA



PROJECT SUMMARY

MAINTENANCE & CAPITAL DREDGING FALMOUTH CRUISE PORT (South Berth)

Background

The Historic Falmouth Cruise Port is located in the town of Falmouth, Trelawny on the north coast of Jamaica and consists of a cruise ship pier constructed in late 2009 with the capability of accommodating two megaliner cruise vessels. The port started operations in 2011 and to date has received the most cruise ships of all Jamaica's cruise ports.

The Port Authority of Jamaica (PAJ) is seeking to undertake dredging of the east side of the Historic Falmouth Cruise Port (South Berth) to widen the berth pocket and a section of the access channel. Capital and Maintenance Dredging works will be carried out to allow the largest cruise vessels to dock at both the east and west berths/sides of the port simultaneously. Previous dredge works saw the basin having a depth of 12m with the berth pockets being 11.6m to the west (North Berth) and 10.6m to the east (South Berth).

Due to the presence of valuable natural resources in the area, the PAJ engaged the services of environmental consultant company Smith Warner International Limited (SWIL) to analyze the impacts from dredging at the Falmouth Cruise Port. Analyses included bathymetric (depth) and underwater surveys as well as data collection of parameters such as water quality and sediments.

It is important to note **that the proposed dredge footprint is situated in an area previously altered and impacted by dredging works**. Recommendations were proposed for minor realignment of the ship channel widening to permit important marine resources, such as hard corals found in the northern section (Exhibit 1) to remain undisturbed.

Methodology and Equipment Type to be Used

The dredging works will be carried out by a Trailing Hopper Suction Dredger with an expected hopper capacity of approximately 11,000 m³. Additional dredging equipment may be employed as determined by the contractor.

The dredger will operate 24 hours per day and seven (7) days per week including all local and other holidays. Dredging operations will be conducted in repeated cycles with the following activities comprising one cycle: dredging; sailing loaded; discharging; sailing empty.

- Dredging dredged material will be placed into the hopper using a sectional dredging arm.
- Sailing loaded once hopper is full, vessel will sail to disposal site
- Discharging unloading of dredged material at the disposal site by opening hopper

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• Sailing empty – vessel will return empty to dredge area to commence dredging again.

Volume Estimates

An estimated **one hundred and forty thousand cubic metres** (140,000 m³) of material will be removed from the seafloor at the location shown on the attached Exhibit 2 which illustrates the proposed dredge slope represented by purple hatched markings.

The breakdown of estimated volume is as follows:

LOCATION VOL	UME
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East Berth

140,000 m³ (maintenance & capital) dredge to 11.6m

Location of Disposal Site

The proposed disposal site for the dredge spoil is the area approved by NEPA in previous capital dredging works located at least 2.5 nautical miles offshore at the 1000 m contour and not closer than the coordinates 18° 31'58.04"N and 77° 38'46.22"W (see attached Exhibit 3).

Type of Material

Material composition of the dredge spoil is expected to be a mixture of high sand and significant silt and clay content. The presence of solid waste and other land-based source material is also expected.

Benthos

A benthic survey was conducted by SWIL to identify species which could face potential negative impacts from dredging works and results indicate low ecological value of the proposed dredge footprint. Limited living significant marine resources - such as corals and fish - are located in the proposed dredge area presumably due to modification from previous activities as evidenced by the SWIL Impact Analysis October 2016 Report.

In general, dredging in a coral reef environment is likely to have some negative impact, however **the proposed dredge footprint is located in an area previously altered and impacted by dredge work.** The subsequent dredge impacts will be dependent on duration of the dredging operations, the equipment and proposed technique to be used.

A total of eleven (11) hard corals will need to be relocated along with any invertebrates present. Minor realignment of the proposed ship channel will exclude the hard coral heads identified in the northern shallow section of the dredge footprint – colonies will remain in their existing locations (Exhibit 1).

The proposed dredge slope and basin consisted mainly of non-living substrate, particularly silt with macroalgae being the dominant living substrate type. Fish diversity and abundance were low and no seagrass species were found in the proposed dredge area.



Mitigation Measures

Given the proximity of the existing reef to the proposed dredge area, mitigation measures have been proposed including relocation of some corals and invertebrates.

Recommendations from the SWIL October 2016 report include the use of the coral relocation site from the previous capital dredge work of 2009 for any hard coral relocation provided that the site possesses complementary features (regarding space and species competition) and is exempt from potential harmful impacts such as ship groundings and sedimentation.

Minimization of sediment plume during dredging operations will be done using turbidity barriers to help protect the existing marine community. Dredging activities will be suspended in cases of adverse sea conditions and abnormal ocean parameters to further reduce the impact of sediment suspension on marine resources in close proximity to the dredging site.

Duration

Work is projected to occur over a period of two (2) weeks.

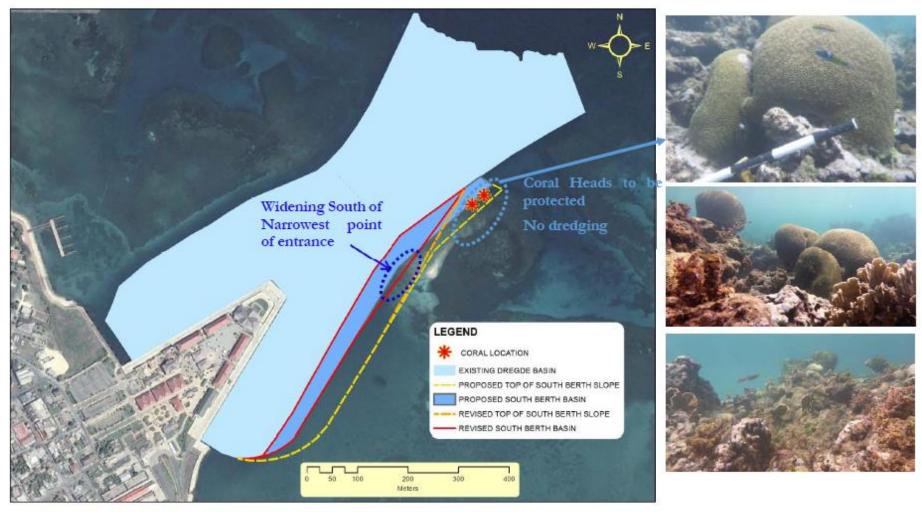
Schedule/ Timeline

Dredging operations are expected to commence during the third quarter of 2017.

The Port Authority of Jamaica - May 2017

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Proposed realignment

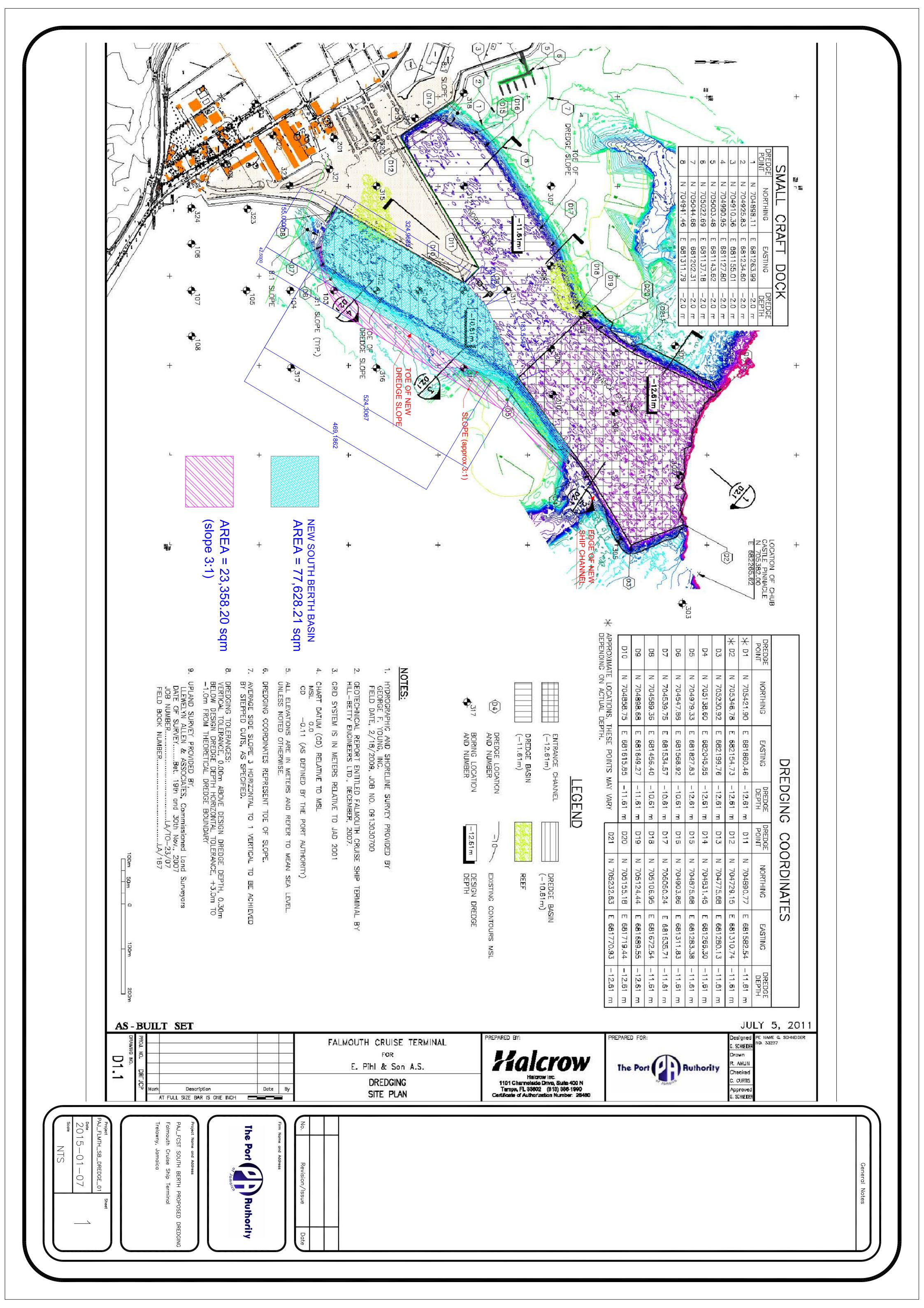


Exhibit 3. Approach to Falmouth Harbour showing proposed dredge disposal site (red outline) located 2.5 nautical miles offshore in 1000m contour

