KEY AREA	SEGMENT	STANDARD FOR NEW SOURCES		
		Pollutant	Value	
ALL		OPACITY	20% opacity and up to 40% opacity for six	
SOURCES			(6) consecutive minutes in any hour or 6	
(except where			hours in 10 days except during start-up,	
there is an			shutdown, soot blowing or malfunction for	
applicable PM			each stack	
standard)				
MINERAL	Portland Cement	PM	$100 \text{ mg/m}^3$ from clinker cooler (a)	
INDUSTRIES		PM	$50 \text{ mg/m}^3$ from kilns, finish grinders and all	
			other sources (a)	
		SO <sub>2</sub>	Equivalent to a maximum of 2.2% sulphur in	
			residual (Nos. 5 & 6) fuel oils based on	
			plant wide SO <sub>2</sub> emissions	
	Lime	PM	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> for all sources (a)	
		$SO_2$	Equivalent to a maximum of 2.2% sulphur in	
			residual (Nos. 5 or 6) fuel oils based on plant	
			wide SO <sub>2</sub> emissions	
	Alumina	PM	0.092 g/dscm (20°C, 101.3 kPa, dry gas);	
			10% opacity with 40% for 6 consecutive	
			minutes/hour at start-up	
		SO <sub>2</sub>	Equivalent to a maximum of 2.2% sulphur is	
			residual (Nos. 5 or 6) fuel oils based on plant	
			wide SO <sub>2</sub> emissions	
	Glass (oil fired)	Opacity	20% opacity with 40% opacity for 6 minutes	
			in any hour during or 6 hours in 10 days	
			except during start-up, shutdown, soot	
			blowing or malfunction for each stack	

## NRCA Emission Standards for New Sources, 2006

Container, flat,	PM	0.5 kg/Mg glass produced modified process
pressed & blown		
soda lime; textile		
& wood fibreglass		
Blown with	PM	1.0 kg/Mg glass produced
borosilicate recipe		
melting furnace		
modified process		
Pressed & blown	PM	0.65 kg/Mg glass produced
Borosilicate		
regular process		
Soda lime regular	PM	0.13 kg/Mg glass produced
process		
Other, wool	PM	0.325 kg/Mg glass produced
fibreglass regular		
process		
Flat glass regular	PM	0.225 kg/Mg glass produced
process		
Oil fired, container	PM	0.13 kg/Mg glass produced
glass, regular		
process		

## Emission Standards for New Sources continued...

KEY AREA	SEGMENT	STANDARD FOR NEW SOURCES	
		Pollutant	Value
FUEL	Fuel oils	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.2% sulphur in heavy fuel oil (Nos. 5 &
COMBUSTION			6 oils)
			1.0 % sulphur in medium (Nos. 3 or 4)
			fuel oils
			0.5% sulphur in light fuel oils (Nos. 1 & 2
			oils) and diesel oils
	Coal Fired >70 MW	PM	45 ng/J input except during start-up,
			shutdown, soot blowing or malfunction
			for each stack
		SO <sub>2</sub>	520 ng/J input
		NOx	260 ng/J
	All Other Coal Fired	PM	60 ng/J input except during start-up,
			shutdown, soot blowing or malfunction
			for each stack
		SO <sub>2</sub>	520 ng/J input
		NO <sub>x</sub>	260 ng/J input
	Oil Fired	PM	43 ng/J input except during start-up,
			shutdown, soot blowing or malfunction
			for each stack
		NO <sub>x</sub>	130 ng/J input

	Gas fired		
	>73 MW	NOx	86 ng/J
	29 - 73 MW	NOx	40 ng/J
	2.9 to 29 MW	NOx	26 ng/J
	Any size	СО	125 ng/J
	Any size	PM	13 ng/J
	Gas turbine >29.7 MW	NO <sub>x</sub>	STD = 0.0075*14.4/Y + F(b)
	Gas turbine >2.9 and < 29.7 MW)	NO <sub>x</sub>	STD = 0.0150*14.4/Y + F (b)
	Gas turbines > 20 MW non peaking	NO <sub>x</sub>	380 ng/J output
	Gas turbines 3 - 20 MW non peaking	NO <sub>x</sub>	460 ng/J output
	Gas turbines < 3 MW non peaking	NO <sub>x</sub>	1250 ng/J output
	Gas turbines peaking	NO <sub>x</sub>	530 ng/J output
	Gas turbines (all)	SO <sub>2</sub>	1.0% sulphur content in light (Nos. 1 or 2) fuel oils
	Liquid fuel fired	PM	85 ng/J (100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> at 15% O2)
	Internal Combustion Engines 2 to 50 MW	NOx	2,981 ng/J (3,512 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> at 15 % O2)
	Liquid fuel fired	PM	42 ng/J (50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> at 15% O2)
	Internal Combustion Engines > 50 MW	NOx	1,700 ng/J (2,000 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> 15 % O2)
	Bagasse Boilers	PM	4,200 g/t input
PETROLEUM REFINING	Sulphur Plant	SO <sub>2</sub>	99 % sulphur removal

	FCCU Regenerator	PM	115 mg/m <sup>3</sup> exhaust (a)
		SO <sub>2</sub>	830 mg/m <sup>3</sup> exhaust (a)
		CO	2,400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> exhaust (a)
	Coking Calciner	PM	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> exhaust (a)
	Fluid Coking	PM	$0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3 \text{ feed } (a)$
	Steam Plant	PM	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> exhaust (a)
		SO <sub>2</sub>	830 mg/m <sup>3</sup> exhaust (a)
	All	VOC	Leak detection and repair program
WASTE	Municipal/Biomedica	PM	$200 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (c)
TREATMENT	1 Incinerators		
		СО	$100 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (c)
		$SO_2$	$300 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (c)
		VOC	$20 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ as C (c)}$
	Cement Kilns	PM	$20 \text{ mg/Rm}^3$ (d) for that portion of the fuel
	burning hazardous		resulting from combustion of waste fuel
	and non-hazardous	PCDD &	$0.5 \text{ ng/Rm}^3 (d)$
	wastes as	PCDF	
	supplementary fuel	HCl	$50 \text{ mg/Rm}^3 \text{ (d)}$

## Emission Standards for New Sources

KEY AREA	SEGMENT	STANDARD FOR NEW SOURCES		
		Pollutant	Value	
WASTE	Cement Kilns	Sum of Sb,	$1.5 \text{ mg/Rm}^3 \text{ (d)}$	
TREATMENT	burning hazardous	Cu, Pb,		
	and non-hazardous	Mn, V, Zn		
	wastes as	Sum of As,	$0.15 \text{ mg/Rm}^3$ (d)	
	supplementary fuel	Cr, Co, Ni,		
		Se, Te		
		Sum of Cd,	$0.15 \text{ mg/Rm}^3$ (d)	
		Hg, Tl		
INORGANIC	Sulphuric Acid by	Sulphuric	0.075 kg/tonne 100% acid produced	
CHEMICALS	contact process	acid mist		
		$SO_2$	2 kg/tonne 100% acid produced	

(a) 20°C, 101.3 kPa, dry gas

(b) STD = allowable NOx emissions (percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis). Y = manufacturer's rated heat rate at manufacturer's rated load (kilojoules per watt hour) or, actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility. The value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt-hour. F=NOx emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen as defined below.

Fuel-bound nitrogen (percent by weight)	F (NOx percent by volume)
N≤0.015	0
0.015 <n≤0.1< td=""><td>0.04(N)</td></n≤0.1<>	0.04(N)
0.1 <n≤0.25< td=""><td>0.004+0.0067(N-0.1)</td></n≤0.25<>	0.004+0.0067(N-0.1)
N>0.25	0.005

where: N = the nitrogen content of the fuel (percent by weight). Or: Manufacturers may develop custom fuelbound nitrogen allowances for each gas turbine model they manufacture.

(c) 273°K, 101.3 kPa, dry gas

(d)  $\text{Rm}^3$  refer to conditions of 25°C, 101.3 kPa corrected to 11%O<sub>2</sub>, dry basis.